Adopted Rejected

## **COMMITTEE REPORT**

YES: 7 NO: 0

## MR. SPEAKER:

Your Committee on <u>Insurance</u>, to which was referred <u>House Bill 1626</u>, has had the same under consideration and begs leave to report the same back to the House with the recommendation that said bill be amended as follows:

- 1 Delete everything after the enacting clause and insert the following:
- 2 SECTION 1. IC 27-1-6-0.4 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA CODE
- 3 AS A NEW SECTION TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY
- 4 1, 2009]: Sec. 0.4. As used in this chapter with respect to a
- 5 corporation described in section 1(b) of this chapter, "corporate
- officer" or "incorporator" refers to the chief executive or chief
- 7 financial officer of a municipality described in section 1(b) of this
- 8 chapter.
- 9 SECTION 2. IC 27-1-6-0.6 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA CODE
- 10 AS A **NEW** SECTION TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY
- 11 1, 2009]: Sec. 0.6. As used in this chapter, "municipality" has the
- meaning set forth in IC 36-1-2-11.
- 13 SECTION 3. IC 27-1-6-1 IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS
- 14 [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2009]: Sec. 1. (a) Except as provided in

subsection (b), any number of natural persons, not less than seven (7), all of whom are eighteen (18) years of age or older, at least a majority of whom are residents of the state of Indiana and citizens of the United States, may form a corporation under the provisions of this chapter for the purpose of making any kind or kinds of insurance described in any one (1) class set out in IC 27-1-5-1, other than reciprocal, farm mutual, fraternal, and assessment insurance, by complying with the provisions of this chapter.

(b) One (1) or more Indiana municipalities may form a corporation as a domestic mutual company under this chapter for purposes of making any kind or kinds of insurance described in any one (1) class set out in IC 27-1-5-1 (other than reciprocal, farm mutual, fraternal, and assessment insurance) available to Indiana municipalities.

SECTION 4. IC 27-1-6-15 IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2009]: Sec. 15. (a) This section does not apply to a domestic mutual company described in section 1(b) of this chapter.

- (a) (b) Except as provided in subsection (b), (c), a domestic mutual company that organized before July 1, 1977, must maintain a surplus of not less than two hundred fifty thousand dollars (\$250,000). This subsection does not apply to a standard farm mutual insurance company that is organized under IC 27-5 (before its repeal) or IC 27-5.1.
- (b) (c) A domestic mutual company that organized before July 1, 1977, must maintain a surplus of not less than:
- (1) seven hundred fifty thousand dollars (\$750,000), if it markets one (1) or more kinds of insurance under both Class II and Class III, other than Class II(k) insurance;
- (2) one million dollars (\$1,000,000), if it markets one (1) or more kinds of insurance under Class II, including Class II(k) insurance; or
- (3) one million dollars (\$1,000,000), if it markets one (1) or more
  kinds of insurance under both Class II and Class III, including
  Class II(k) insurance.
- (c) (d) A domestic mutual company that organized after June 30,
  1977, must maintain a surplus of not less than one million two hundred
  fifty thousand dollars (\$1,250,000). However, when it organizes, it

1	must:
2	(1) have a surplus of not less than two million dollars
3	(\$2,000,000);
4	(2) for the one (1) or more kinds of insurance under Class I that
5	it intends to market, have received applications for insurance from
6	not less than four hundred (400) persons, each application for an
7	amount not less than one thousand dollars (\$1,000), and have
8	received the first year's premium due on a policy to be issued on
9	each such application; and
10	(3) for the one (1) or more kinds of insurance under Class II or
11	Class III that it intends to market, have received applications for
12	insurance covering not less than eight hundred (800) separate
13	risks in not less than forty (40) policies to be issued to not less
14	than forty (40) members, and have received premiums amounting
15	to not less than one hundred thousand dollars (\$100,000) for those
16	policies.
17	(d) (e) A domestic mutual company must deposit with the
18	department in cash or in obligations of the United States:
19	(1) twenty-five thousand dollars (\$25,000), if it organized before
20	June 30, 1955;
21	(2) fifty thousand dollars (\$50,000), if it organized after June 29,
22	1955, and before March 7, 1967; or
23	(3) one hundred thousand dollars (\$100,000), if it organized after
24	March 6, 1967.
25	This subsection does not apply to a standard farm mutual insurance
26	company that is organized under IC 27-5 (before its repeal) or
27	IC 27-5.1.
28	(e) (f) If the commissioner determines that the continued operation
29	of a domestic mutual company may be hazardous to the policyholders
30	or the general public, the commissioner may, upon the commissioner's
31	determination, issue an order requiring the insurer to increase the
32	insurer's capital and surplus based on the type, volume, and nature of
33	the business transacted.
34	SECTION 5. IC 27-1-6-15.1 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA CODE
35	AS A <b>NEW</b> SECTION TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY
36	1, 2009]: Sec. 15.1. (a) A domestic mutual company described in
37	section 1(b) of this chapter must maintain a surplus of at least one
38	million two hundred fifty thousand dollars (\$1,250,000). However,

when the company organizes, the company must:

1

2	(1) have:
3	(A) a surplus of at least two million dollars (\$2,000,000);
4	and
5	(B) applications for insurance from at least twenty (20)
6	municipalities, each application for an amount of at least
7	fifty thousand dollars (\$50,000);
8	(2) for the one (1) or more kinds of insurance under Class I
9	that the company intends to market, have received:
10	(A) applications for insurance from at least one hundred
11	(100) individuals, each application for an amount of at
12	least five thousand dollars (\$5,000); and
13	(B) the first year's premium due on a policy to be issued on
14	each application; and
15	(3) for the one (1) or more kinds of insurance under Class II
16	or Class III that the company intends to market, have
17	received:
18	(A) applications for insurance covering at least forty (40)
19	policies to be issued; and
20	(B) premiums amounting to at least five hundred thousand
21	dollars (\$500,000) for the policies.
22	(b) A domestic mutual company described in section 1(b) of this
23	chapter shall deposit with the department, in cash or in obligations
24	of the United States, one hundred thousand dollars (\$100,000).
25	(c) If the commissioner determines that the continued operation
26	of a domestic mutual company described in section 1(b) of this
27	chapter may be hazardous to the policyholders or the general
28	public, the commissioner may, upon the commissioner's
29	determination, issue an order requiring the insurer to increase the
30	insurer's capital and surplus based on the type, volume, and nature
31	of the business transacted.
32	SECTION 6. IC 27-1-12-11 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
33	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2009]: Sec. 11. (a) After the
34	department has ascertained the net reserve value of all policies (as
35	defined in section 9 of this chapter) or the reserve liabilities (as defined
36	in section 10 of this chapter) of any life insurance company organized
37	and doing business in this state, the department shall notify said
38	company of the amount or amounts thereof. Within sixty (60) days after

the date of such notification, the officers of such company shall deposit with the department, solely for the security and benefit of all its policyholders, assets in an amount, invested in accordance with section 2 of this chapter (except paragraph 20 of section 2(b) of this chapter) which together with the assets already deposited with the department and such additional assets as may be deposited by said company with other states or governments, pursuant to the requirements of the laws of such other states or governments in which said company is doing business, shall be not less than the lesser of the amount of such reserve value or reserve liabilities or the amount provided under subsection (f). No life insurance company organized under this article or any other law of this state shall be required to make such deposit until the amount prescribed by this subsection exceeds the amount deposited by said company under IC 27-1-6-14, or IC 27-1-6-15, or IC 27-1-5-15.1. Investments in real estate shall be deposited in the form of satisfactory evidences of ownership. The deposit requirement in relation to policy loans and bank deposits shall be considered fulfilled by the inclusion of such item in the company's annual statement, but subject to the right of the company at any time, and the obligation of the company on demand of the department, to file with the department a certificate as to the amount of such item.

- (b) If the department in the course of the year ascertains that the net reserve value of a company's policies (as defined in section 9 of this chapter) or its reserve liabilities (as defined in section 10 of this chapter) exceeds such company's deposits as required by subsection (a), it may require such company within sixty (60) days to increase its deposit to the required amount.
- (c) Nothing in this article shall prevent the deposit of bonds, mortgages, or other securities which meet the investment requirements of a foreign or alien state or country, to an amount not exceeding the amount of the reserves on policies issued to residents of, and to corporations doing business in, such state or country. If, pursuant to the law of a foreign or alien state or country in which an Indiana life insurance company is doing business, securities belonging to such a company are required to be deposited within the boundaries of such foreign or alien state or country, credit for the amount of such deposit, not exceeding the amount of the reserves on policies issued to residents of, and to corporations doing business in, such foreign or alien state or

country, may be taken by the company as an offset against its deposits required under this article.

- (d) If, pursuant to the law of a foreign or alien state or country, a life insurance company domiciled therein is not permitted a reserve credit for reserves maintained by a reinsurer foreign to such a state or country, except on the condition that the amount of such reserve be deposited with the insurance supervisory official of such state or country, a deposit credit for the amount of such reserves so deposited shall be allowed a domestic life insurance company accepting reinsurance from companies domiciled in such state or country.
- (e) Any deposit of assets with the department pursuant to any law superseded by this chapter shall, prior to the first deposit date contemplated in subsection (a), be continued with the department and otherwise be subject to this section.
- (f) The amount of the deposit, except as otherwise provided in subsection (a), shall be one million dollars (\$1,000,000) excluding policy loans and bank deposits, or such greater amount as the department deems necessary to protect the interests of the policyholders of a particular company by an order to the company to deposit additional amounts under this section.
  - (g) Each company:

2.2.

- (1) must report to the department each new asset acquisition to establish its eligibility for investment under the numbered categories of permissible investments under section 2 of this chapter at such regular intervals, within the time limit following each interval and on the forms as the department may require, without complying with IC 4-22-2; and
- (2) when ordered by the department, shall make any additional report relating to:
  - (A) the category of eligibility, the characteristics, or the amount of any investment; or
- (B) the amount of the assets of the company in any category; calculated under the rules applied for annual statement purposes.
- SECTION 7. IC 27-14-3-6 IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2009]: Sec. 6. (a) Except as provided in subsection (b), an MIHC:
  - (1) has and may exercise all the rights and privileges of insurance companies formed under this title; and

1	(2) is subject to all the requirements and regulations imposed
2	upon insurance companies formed under this title.
3	(b) The exceptions referred to in subsection (a) are as follows:
4	(1) An MIHC does not have the right or privilege to write
5	insurance (except through an insurance company subsidiary) and
6	is not subject to any requirement or rule adopted under IC 4-22-2
7	relating to the writing of insurance.
8	(2) An MIHC is not subject to the deposit requirement in
9	<del>IC 27-1-6-15(d)</del> IC 27-1-6-15(e) or IC 27-1-6-15.1(b).
10	(3) An MIHC is not subject to any statute or rule adopted under
11	IC 4-22-2 that is imposed upon insurance companies formed
12	under this title to the extent that the statute or rule is in conflict
13	with this article.
14	(4) An MIHC is not subject to the investment requirements under
15	IC 27-1-12 or IC 27-1-13 that limit or restrict investments in
16	subsidiaries.
17	(5) An MIHC is not subject to risk-based capital requirements
18	under IC 27-1-36.
19	(6) An MIHC is not subject to a requirement under IC 27 if the
20	commissioner determines by order or rule adopted by the
21	commissioner under IC 4-22-2 that the requirement does not
22	apply to the MIHC.
23	SECTION 8. IC 27-15-14-1 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
24	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2009]: Sec. 1. (a) If a domestic
25	mutual insurance company:
26	(1) is insolvent, as defined in IC 27-9-1-2(l);
27	(2) does not meet the applicable minimum surplus requirements
28	of IC 27-1-6-15 <b>or IC 27-1-6-15.1</b> ; or
29	(3) in the judgment of the commissioner, is in a hazardous
30	financial condition;
31	its board of directors may adopt, and the commissioner may approve,
32	any plan of conversion and amendment to the articles of incorporation
33	that, on the effective date of the conversion, would provide for the
34	former mutual to have paid-in capital stock and surplus in an amount
35	not less than the minimum requirements of IC 27-1-6-14(c) and
36	IC 27-1-6-14(e) and an RBC level greater than its company action RBC
37	level.
38	(b) The commissioner may allow waivers or material modifications

of the requirement to give any notices to members and policyholders, to obtain member approval of the proposed plan of conversion or amendment to the articles of incorporation of the converting mutual, or to distribute consideration to members if the value of a converting mutual described in subsection (a) does not in the judgment of the commissioner warrant any such notices, approvals, or distribution under the circumstances, including the expenses involved in a distribution of consideration.

(Reference is to HB 1626 as introduced.)

and when so amended that said bill do pass.

Representative Fry